



3. Adjetivos terminados en –“ Y” después de una consonante, cambiar la “Y” por “ier” para los comparativos y “ iest” para los superlativos.

Base form	Comparative form	Superlative form
Easy	Easier	The easiest
Busy	Busier	The busiest
Heavy	Heavier	The heaviest
Happy	Happier	The happiest

EXAMPLE.

It Is **Easier** To Learn English Than French

This is **the easiest** homework in class

Today I am **busier** than yesterday

He is **the busiest** person at home

4. Adjetivos con dos ó más silabas, se pone antes del adjetivo “More” en la forma comparativa y “The most “ en la forma superlativa.

Base form	Comparative form	Superlative form
Famous	<b>More</b> famous	<b>The Most</b> famous
Modern	<b>More</b> modern	<b>The Most</b> modern
Generous	<b>More</b> generous	<b>The Most</b> generous
Important	<b>More</b> important	<b>The Most</b> important
Beautiful	<b>More</b> beautiful	<b>The Most</b> beautiful

EXAMPLE. **More** famous = más famoso / **The most** famous = El más famoso

- Enrique Iglesias is **more famous** than Alvaro Torres
- My mother is **more generous** than my father
- Linda is **the most** beautiful girl in my school
- Enrique Iglesias is **the most** famous singer in the world

5. Adjetivos Irregulares

Base form	Comparative form	Superlative form
Bad	Worse	The worst
Good	Better	The best
Well	better	The best
Far	Farther / Further	The farthest / The furthest
Old	Older (age) / Elder (family)	The oldest / The Eldest
Little	Less	The least
Many	More	The most

EXAMPLE. Today I feel **worse** than Yesterday

\_ My father is **elder** than yours

- Today You feel **better** than Last week

\_ My mother is **the eldest** one

ACTIVIDAD 1.

QUIZ.

Lea la oración, Seleccione y escriba la forma correcta del adjetivo en cada oración.

1. Marlon is \_\_\_\_\_ than me ( old- older- the oldest )
2. Henry is \_\_\_\_\_ in the family ( tall- taller- the tallest )
3. Guatemala is \_\_\_\_\_ than el Salvador ( big- bigger- the biggest )
4. San Miguel is \_\_\_\_\_ than San Salvador ( hot- hotter-the hottest )
5. Cathy has \_\_\_\_\_ brown hair ( short- shorter- the shortest )
6. Mary talks \_\_\_\_\_ than the teacher ( fast- faster- the fastest )
7. I have \_\_\_\_\_ friends in this school ( good- better- the best )
8. This book is \_\_\_\_\_ than others ( good- better- the best )
9. Who is the \_\_\_\_\_ student in your class? ( old- older- the oldest )
10. Paul is the \_\_\_\_\_ boy in this class ( lazy- lazier- the laziest )
11. He has the \_\_\_\_\_ work in the factory ( bad- worse- the worst )
12. She has the \_\_\_\_\_ pronunciation in English ( good- better- the best )
13. Karen is the \_\_\_\_\_ girl in our family ( old- elder- the eldest )
14. I have \_\_\_\_\_ money than you ( little- less- the least )
15. This school is \_\_\_\_\_ than others ( clean- cleaner- the cleanest )

CRITERIOS DE EVALUACIÓN	
Escribió correctamente toda la información del tema	40%
Escribió correctamente los adjetivos dentro de las oraciones de la actividad 1	40%
Respetó la fecha de entrega	10
Siguió las indicaciones dadas por la maestra	10%
<b>TOTAL</b>	100%